Documenting the underlying etiology of a patient’s chest pain accurately supports the intensity of your service, severity of illness, risk of mortality, length of stay and risk adjusted mortality.

What is the likely, suspected or probable underlying etiology of the chest pain?

- Angina with CAD (specify chronic, stable, unstable)
- Anxiety/stress mediated
- CAD
- Cardiac arrhythmias (specify type)
- Chest wall pain/musculoskeletal
- Chronic pain syndrome
- Costochondritis
- Demand Ischemia
- Esophageal spasm
- Esophagitis
- GERD
- Myocarditis
- Pericarditis
- Pleuritic chest pain